SENATE BILL No. 227

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 22-4.

Synopsis: Unemployment insurance. Establishes an alternative method of determining the base period for unemployment compensation benefits. Provides that an individual who is otherwise eligible for benefits is not ineligible because the individual is: (1) a part-time worker; or (2) available for or seeking part-time work as long as the part-time work is for at least 20 hours per week. Provides that under certain circumstances, the definition of "wages" for unemployment compensation does not include \$9,000 paid in a calendar year to an individual by an employer or the employer's predecessor. Repeals the one week waiting period for payment of benefits. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: July 1, 2007.

Simpson

January 11, 2007, read first time and referred to Committee on Pensions and Labor.





First Regular Session 115th General Assembly (2007)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2006 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 227

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning labor

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:



- SECTION 1. IC 22-4-2-12 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), "base period" means the first four (4) of the last five (5) completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of an individual's benefit period. Provided, however, That
- (b) If an individual does not establish a benefit period because the wage requirements of IC 22-4-14-5 are not met when determining the base period under subsection (a), the base period means the most recent four (4) completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the first day of an individual's benefit period.
- (c) For a claim computed in accordance with IC 1971, 22-4-22, IC 22-4-22-1, the base period shall be the base period as outlined in the paying state's law.
- SECTION 2. IC 22-4-2-12.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 12.5. Notwithstanding section 12 of this chapter, for an individual who during the "base



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period" as defined in that section has received worker's compensation benefits under IC 22-3-3 for a period of fifty-two (52) weeks or less, and as a result has not earned sufficient wage credits to meet the requirements of IC 22-4-14-5, "base period" means the first most recent four (4) of the last five (5) completed calendar quarters immediately preceding the last day that the individual was able to work, as a result of the individual's injury.

SECTION 3. IC 22-4-2-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 22. "Valid claim" means a claim filed by an individual who has established qualifying wage credits and who is totally, partially, or part-totally unemployed. Provided, No individual in a benefit period may file a valid claim for a waiting period or benefit period rights with respect to any period subsequent to the expiration of such benefit period.

SECTION 4. IC 22-4-2-29 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 29. "Insured unemployment" means unemployment during a given week for which waiting period credit or benefits are claimed under the state employment security program, the unemployment compensation for federal employees program, the unemployment compensation for veterans program, or the railroad unemployment insurance program.

SECTION 5. IC 22-4-4-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.98-2005, SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, "wages" means all remuneration as defined in section 1 of this chapter paid to an individual by an employer, remuneration received as tips or gratuities in accordance with Sections 3301 and 3102 et seq. of the Internal Revenue Code, and includes all remuneration considered as wages under Sections 3301 and 3102 et seq. of the Internal Revenue Code. However, the term shall not include any amounts paid as compensation for services specifically excluded by IC 22-4-8-3 or IC 22-4-8-3.5 from the definition of employment as defined in IC 22-4-8-1 and IC 22-4-8-2. The term shall include, but not be limited to, any payments made by an employer to an employee or former employee, under order of the National Labor Relations Board, or a successor thereto, or agency named to perform the duties thereof, as additional pay, back pay, or for loss of employment, or any such payments made in accordance with an agreement made and entered into by an employer, a union, and the National Labor Relations Board.

- (b) The term "wages" shall not include the following:
 - (1) That part of remuneration which, after remuneration equal to: (A) seven thousand dollars (\$7,000), has been paid in a



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1	calendar year to an individual by an employer or his the
2	employer's predecessor with respect to employment during
3	any calendar year subsequent to December 31, 1982, and
4	before January 1, 2008; or
5	(B) nine thousand dollars (\$9,000), has been paid in a
6	calendar year to an individual by an employer or the
7	employer's predecessor with respect to employment during
8	any calendar year subsequent to December 31, 2007;
9	unless that part of the remuneration is subject to a tax under a
10	federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for
11	contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment fund.
12	For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "employment" shall
13	include service constituting employment under any employment
14	security law of any state or of the federal government. However,
15	nothing in this subdivision shall be taken as an approval or
16	disapproval of any related federal legislation.
17	(2) The amount of any payment (including any amount paid by an
18	employer for insurance or annuities or into a fund to provide for
19	any such payment) made to, or on behalf of, an individual or any
20	of the individual's dependents under a plan or system established
21	by an employer which makes provision generally for individuals
22	performing service for it (or for such individuals generally and
23	their dependents) or for a class or classes of such individuals (or
24	for a class or classes of such individuals and their dependents) on
25	account of:
26	(A) retirement;
27	(B) sickness or accident disability;
28	(C) medical or hospitalization expenses in connection with
29	sickness or accident disability; or
30	(D) death.
31	(3) The amount of any payment made by an employer to an
32	individual performing service for it the employer (including any
33	amount paid by an employer for insurance or annuities or into a
34	fund to provide for any such payment) on account of retirement.
35	(4) The amount of any payment on account of sickness or accident
36	disability, or medical or hospitalization expenses in connection
37	with sickness or accident disability made by an employer to, or on
38	behalf of, an individual performing services for it and after the
39	expiration of six (6) calendar months following the last calendar
40	month in which the individual performed services for such
41	employer.
42	(5) The amount of any payment made by an employer to, or on



1	behalf of, an individual performing services for it or to the
2	individual's beneficiary:
3	(A) from or to a trust exempt from tax under Section 401(a) of
4	the Internal Revenue Code at the time of such payment unless
5	such payment is made to an individual performing services for
6	the trust as remuneration for such services and not as a
7	beneficiary of the trust; or
8	(B) under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such
9	payments, meets the requirements of Section 401(a)(3),
10	401(a)(4), 401(a)(5), and 401(a)(6) of the Internal Revenue
11	Code.
12	(6) Remuneration paid in any medium other than cash to an
13	individual for service not in the course of the employer's trade or
14	business.
15	(7) The amount of any payment (other than vacation or sick pay)
16	made to an individual after the month in which the individual
17	attains the age of sixty-five (65) if the individual did not perform
18	services for the employer in the period for which such payment is
19	made.
20	(8) The payment by an employer (without deduction from the
21	remuneration of the employee) of the tax imposed upon an
22	employee under Sections 3101 et seq. of the Internal Revenue
23	Code (Federal Insurance Contributions Act).
24	SECTION 6. IC 22-4-12-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
25	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this
26	section, the term "part-time worker" means an individual whose normal
27	work is in an occupation in which his the individual's services are not
28	required for the customary scheduled full-time hours prevailing in the
29	establishment in which he the individual is employed, or who, owing
30	to personal circumstances, does not customarily work the customary
31	scheduled full-time hours prevailing in the establishment in which he
32	the individual is employed.
33	(b) The board may prescribe rules applicable to part-time workers
34	for determining their weekly benefit amount and the wage credits
35	required to qualify such individuals for benefits. Such rules shall, with
36	respect to such individuals, supersede any inconsistent provisions of
37	this article, but, so far as practicable, shall secure results reasonably
38	equivalent to those provided in the analogous provisions of this article.
39	(b) An individual who is otherwise eligible for benefits may not
40	be considered ineligible because the individual:
41	(1) was a part-time worker; or
12	(2) is available for or is seeking part time work as long as the



1	part-time work is for at least twenty (20) hours per week.
2	SECTION 7. IC 22-4-13-1.1, AS ADDED BY P.L.108-2006,
3	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1.1. (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of
5	this article, if an individual knowingly:
6	(1) fails to disclose amounts earned during any week in the
7	individual's waiting period, benefit period or extended benefit
8	period; or
9	(2) fails to disclose or has falsified any fact;
10	that would disqualify the individual for benefits, reduce the individual's
11	benefits, or render the individual ineligible for benefits or extended
12	benefits, the individual forfeits any wage credits earned or any benefits
13	or extended benefits that might otherwise be payable to the individual
14	for the period in which the failure to disclose or falsification occurs.
15	(b) In addition to amounts forfeited under subsection (a), an
16	individual is subject to the following civil penalties for each instance
17	in which the individual knowingly fails to disclose or falsifies any fact
18	that if accurately reported to the department would disqualify the
19	individual for benefits, reduce the individual's benefits, or render the
20	individual ineligible for benefits or extended benefits:
21	(1) For the first instance, an amount equal to twenty-five percent
22	(25%) of the benefit overpayment.
23	(2) For the second instance, an amount equal to fifty percent
24	(50%) of the benefit overpayment.
25	(3) For the third and each subsequent instance, an amount equal
26	to one hundred percent (100%) of the benefit overpayment.
27	(c) The department's determination under this section constitutes an
28	initial determination under IC 22-4-17-2(e) and is subject to a hearing
29	and review under IC 22-4-17-3 through IC 22-4-17-15.
30	(d) Interest and civil penalties collected under this chapter shall be
31	deposited in the special employment and training services fund
32	established under IC 22-4-25-1.
33	SECTION 8. IC 22-4-15-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
34	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) With respect to
35	benefit periods established on and after July 6, 1980, an individual who
36	has voluntarily left the individual's most recent employment without
37	good cause in connection with the work or who was discharged from
38	the individual's most recent employment for just cause is ineligible for
39	waiting period or benefit rights for the week in which the disqualifying
40	separation occurred and until the individual has earned remuneration
41	in employment equal to or exceeding the weekly benefit amount of the

individual's claim in each of eight (8) weeks. If the qualification



1	amount has not been earned at the expiration of an individual's benefit
2	period, the unearned amount shall be carried forward to an extended
3	benefit period or to the benefit period of a subsequent claim.
4	(b) When it has been determined that an individual has been
5	separated from employment under disqualifying conditions as outlined
6	in this section, the maximum benefit amount of the individual's current
7	claim, as initially determined, shall be reduced by twenty-five percent
8	(25%). If twenty-five percent (25%) of the maximum benefit amount
9	is not an even dollar amount, the amount of such reduction will be
10	raised to the next higher even dollar amount. The maximum benefit
11	amount may not be reduced by more than twenty-five percent (25%)
12	during any benefit period or extended benefit period.
13	(c) The disqualifications provided in this section shall be subject to
14	the following modifications:
15	(1) An individual shall not be subject to disqualification because
16	of separation from the individual's employment if:
17	(A) the individual left to accept with another employer
18	previously secured permanent full-time work which offered
19	reasonable expectation of continued covered employment and
20	betterment of wages or working conditions; and thereafter was
21	employed on said job;
22	(B) having been simultaneously employed by two (2)
23	employers, the individual leaves one (1) such employer
24	voluntarily without good cause in connection with the work
25	but remains in employment with the second employer with a
26	reasonable expectation of continued employment; or
27	(C) the individual left to accept recall made by a base period
28	employer.
29	(2) An individual whose unemployment is the result of medically
30	substantiated physical disability and who is involuntarily
31	unemployed after having made reasonable efforts to maintain the
32	employment relationship shall not be subject to disqualification
33	under this section for such separation.
34	(3) An individual who left work to enter the armed forces of the
35	United States shall not be subject to disqualification under this
36	section for such leaving of work.
37	(4) An individual whose employment is terminated under the
38	compulsory retirement provision of a collective bargaining
39	agreement to which the employer is a party, or under any other
40	plan, system, or program, public or private, providing for

compulsory retirement and who is otherwise eligible shall not be

deemed to have left the individual's work voluntarily without



1	good cause in connection with the work. However, if such
2	individual subsequently becomes reemployed and thereafter
3	voluntarily leaves work without good cause in connection with the
4	work, the individual shall be deemed ineligible as outlined in this
5	section.
6	(5) An otherwise eligible individual shall not be denied benefits
7	for any week because the individual is in training approved under
8	Section 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, nor shall the
9	individual be denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter
10	such training, provided the work left is not suitable employment,
11	or because of the application to any week in training of provisions
12	in this law (or any applicable federal unemployment
13	compensation law), relating to availability for work, active search
14	for work, or refusal to accept work. For purposes of this
15	subdivision, the term "suitable employment" means with respect
16	to an individual, work of a substantially equal or higher skill level
17	than the individual's past adversely affected employment (as
18	defined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974), and wages for
19	such work at not less than eighty percent (80%) of the individual's
20	average weekly wage as determined for the purposes of the Trade
21	Act of 1974.
22	(6) An individual is not subject to disqualification because of
23	separation from the individual's employment if:
24	(A) the employment was outside the individual's labor market;
25	(B) the individual left to accept previously secured full-time

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 - et; work with an employer in the individual's labor market; and
 - (C) the individual actually became employed with the employer in the individual's labor market.
- (7) An individual who, but for the voluntary separation to move to another labor market to join a spouse who had moved to that labor market, shall not be disqualified for that voluntary separation, if the individual is otherwise eligible for benefits. Benefits paid to the spouse whose eligibility is established under this subdivision shall not be charged against the employer from whom the spouse voluntarily separated.
- (8) An individual shall not be subject to disqualification if the individual voluntarily left employment or was discharged due to circumstances directly caused by domestic or family violence (as defined in IC 31-9-2-42). An individual who may be entitled to benefits based on this modification may apply to the office of the attorney general under IC 5-26.5 to have an address designated by the office of the attorney general to serve as the individual's











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1	address for purposes of this article.
2	As used in this subsection, "labor market" means the area surrounding
3	an individual's permanent residence, outside which the individual
4	cannot reasonably commute on a daily basis. In determining whether
5	an individual can reasonably commute under this subdivision, the
6	department shall consider the nature of the individual's job.
7	(d) "Discharge for just cause" as used in this section is defined to
8	include but not be limited to:
9	(1) separation initiated by an employer for falsification of an
10	employment application to obtain employment through
11	subterfuge;
12	(2) knowing violation of a reasonable and uniformly enforced rule
13	of an employer;
14	(3) unsatisfactory attendance, if the individual cannot show good
15	cause for absences or tardiness;
16	(4) damaging the employer's property through willful negligence;
17	(5) refusing to obey instructions;
18	(6) reporting to work under the influence of alcohol or drugs or
19	consuming alcohol or drugs on employer's premises during
20	working hours;
21	(7) conduct endangering safety of self or coworkers; or
22	(8) incarceration in jail following conviction of a misdemeanor or
23	felony by a court of competent jurisdiction or for any breach of
24	duty in connection with work which is reasonably owed an
25	employer by an employee.
26	(e) To verify that domestic or family violence has occurred, an
27	individual who applies for benefits under subsection (c)(8) shall
28	provide one (1) of the following:
29	(1) A report of a law enforcement agency (as defined in
30	IC 10-13-3-10).
31	(2) A protection order issued under IC 34-26-5.
32	(3) A foreign protection order (as defined in IC 34-6-2-48.5).
33	(4) An affidavit from a domestic violence service provider
34	verifying services provided to the individual by the domestic
35	violence service provider.
36	SECTION 9. IC 22-4-15-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) With respect to
38	benefit periods established on and after July 3, 1977, an individual is
39	ineligible for waiting period or benefit rights or extended benefit rights,
40	if the department finds that, being totally, partially, or part-totally
41	unemployed at the time when the work offer is effective or when the

individual is directed to apply for work, the individual fails without



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1	good cause:
2	(1) to apply for available, suitable work when directed by the
3	commissioner, the deputy, or an authorized representative of the
4	department of workforce development or the United States
5	training and employment service;
6	(2) to accept, at any time after the individual is notified of a
7	separation, suitable work when found for and offered to the
8	individual by the commissioner, the deputy, or an authorized
9	representative of the department of workforce development or the
10	United States training and employment service, or an employment
11	unit; or
12	(3) to return to the individual's customary self-employment when
13	directed by the commissioner or the deputy.
14	(b) With respect to benefit periods established on and after July 6,
15	1980, the ineligibility shall continue for the week in which the failure
16	occurs and until the individual earns remuneration in employment
17	equal to or exceeding the weekly benefit amount of the individual's
18	claim in each of eight (8) weeks. If the qualification amount has not
19	been earned at the expiration of an individual's benefit period, the
20	unearned amount shall be carried forward to an extended benefit period
21	or to the benefit period of a subsequent claim.
22	(c) With respect to extended benefit periods established on and after
23	July 5, 1981, the ineligibility shall continue for the week in which the
24	failure occurs and until the individual earns remuneration in
25	employment equal to or exceeding the weekly benefit amount of the
26	individual's claim in each of four (4) weeks.
27	(d) If an individual failed to apply for or accept suitable work as
28	outlined in this section, the maximum benefit amount of the
29	individual's current claim, as initially determined, shall be reduced by
30	twenty-five percent (25%). If twenty-five percent (25%) of the
31	maximum benefit amount is not an even dollar amount, the amount of
32	such reduction shall be raised to the next higher even dollar amount.
33	The maximum benefit amount of the individual's current claim may not
34	be reduced by more than twenty-five percent (25%) during any benefit
35	period or extended benefit period.
36	(e) In determining whether or not any such work is suitable for an
37	individual, the department shall consider:
38	(1) the degree of risk involved to such individual's health, safety,
39	and morals;
40	(2) the individual's physical fitness and prior training and
41	experience;

(3) the individual's length of unemployment and prospects for



1	securing local work in the individual's customary occupation; and
2	(4) the distance of the available work from the individual's
3	residence.
4	However, work under substantially the same terms and conditions
5	under which the individual was employed by a base-period employer,
6	which is within the individual's prior training and experience and
7	physical capacity to perform, shall be considered to be suitable work
8	unless the claimant has made a bona fide change in residence which
9	makes such offered work unsuitable to the individual because of the
10	distance involved. For an individual who is subject to section 1(c)(8)
11	of this chapter, the determination of suitable work for the individual
12	must reasonably accommodate the individual's need to address the
13	physical, psychological, legal, and other effects of domestic or family
14	violence.
15	(f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, no work
16	shall be considered suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this
17	article to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new
18	work under any of the following conditions:
19	(1) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike,
20	lockout, or other labor dispute.
21	(2) If the remuneration, hours, or other conditions of the work
22	offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than
23	those prevailing for similar work in the locality.
24	(3) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be
25	required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from
26	joining a bona fide labor organization.
27	(4) If as a condition of being employed the individual would be
28	required to discontinue training into which the individual had
29	entered with the approval of the department.
30	(g) Notwithstanding subsection (e), with respect to extended benefit
31	periods established on and after July 5, 1981, "suitable work" means
32	any work which is within an individual's capabilities. However, if the
33	individual furnishes evidence satisfactory to the department that the
34	individual's prospects for obtaining work in the individual's customary
35	occupation within a reasonably short period are good, the
36	determination of whether any work is suitable work shall be made as
37	provided in subsection (e).
38	(h) With respect to extended benefit periods established on and after
39	July 5, 1981, no work shall be considered suitable and extended
40	benefits shall not be denied under this article to any otherwise eligible

individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following



conditions:

1	(1) If the gross average weekly remuneration payable to the
2	individual for the position would not exceed the sum of:
3	(A) the individual's average weekly benefit amount for the
4	individual's benefit year; plus
5	(B) the amount (if any) of supplemental unemployment
6	compensation benefits (as defined in Section 501(c)(17)(D) of
7	the Internal Revenue Code) payable to the individual for such
8	week.
9	(2) If the position was not offered to the individual in writing or
10	was not listed with the department of workforce development.
11	(3) If such failure would not result in a denial of compensation
12	under the provisions of this article to the extent that such
13	provisions are not inconsistent with the applicable federal law.
14	(4) If the position pays wages less than the higher of:
15	(A) the minimum wage provided by 29 U.S.C. 206(a)(1) (The
16	Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938), without regard to any
17	exemption; or
18	(B) the state minimum wage (IC 22-2-2).
19	(i) The department of workforce development shall refer individuals
20	eligible for extended benefits to any suitable work (as defined in
21	subsection (g)) to which subsection (h) would not apply.
22	SECTION 10. IC 22-4-15-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. (a) An individual
24	shall be ineligible for waiting period or benefit rights for any week with
25	respect to which his the individual's total or partial or part-total
26	unemployment is due to a labor dispute at the factory, establishment,
27	or other premises at which he the individual was last employed.
28	(b) This section shall not apply to an individual if he the individual
29	has terminated his employment, or his the individual's employment
30	has been terminated, with the employer involved in the labor dispute;
31	or if the labor dispute which caused his the individual's
32	unemployment has terminated and any period necessary to resume
33	normal activities at his the individual's place of employment has
34	elapsed; or if all of the following conditions exist: He
35	(1) The individual is not participating in or financing or directly
36	interested in the labor dispute which caused his the individual's
37	unemployment. and he
38	(2) The individual does not belong to a grade or class of workers
39	of which, immediately before the commencement of his the
40	individual's unemployment, there were members employed at the
41	same premises as he, the individual, any of whom are

participating in or financing or directly interested in the dispute.



1	and he	
2	(3) The individual has not voluntarily stopped working, other	
3	than at the direction of his the individual's employer, in	
4	sympathy with employees in some other establishment or factory	
5	in which a labor dispute is in progress.	
6	(c) If in any case separate branches of work which are commonly	
7	conducted as separate businesses in separate premises are conducted	
8	in separate departments of the same premises, each such department	
9	shall, for the purpose of this section, be deemed to be a separate	
10	factory, establishment, or other premises.	
11	(d) Upon request of any claimant or employer involved in an issue	
12	arising under this section, the deputy shall, and in any other case the	
13	deputy may, refer claims of individuals with respect to whom there is	
14	an issue of the application of this section to an administrative law judge	
15	who shall make the initial determination with respect thereto, in	
16	accordance with the procedure in IC 22-4-17-3.	
17	(e) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, an	
18	individual shall not be ineligible for waiting period or benefit rights	
19	under this section solely by reason of his the individual's failure or	
20	refusal to apply for or to accept recall to work or reemployment with an	
21	employer during the continuance of a labor dispute at the factory,	
22	establishment, or other premises of the employer, if the individual's last	
23	separation from the employer occurred prior to the start of the labor	
24	dispute and was permanent or for an indefinite period.	
25	SECTION 11. IC 22-4-15-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
26	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. (a) An individual	
27	shall be ineligible for waiting period or benefit rights for any week with	
28	respect to which the individual receives, is receiving, or has received	
29	payments equal to or exceeding his the individual's weekly benefit	
30	amount in the form of:	
31	(1) deductible income as defined and applied in IC 22-4-5-1 and	
32	IC 22-4-5-2; or	
33	(2) any pension, retirement or annuity payments, under any plan	
34	of an employer whereby the employer contributes a portion or all	
35	of the money. This disqualification shall apply only if some or all	
36	of the benefits otherwise payable are chargeable to the experience	

or reimbursable account of such employer, or would have been

chargeable except for the application of this chapter. For the

purposes of this subdivision (2), federal old age, survivors, and

disability insurance benefits are not considered payments under a plan of an employer whereby the employer maintains the plan

or contributes a portion or all of the money to the extent required



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by federal law.

(b) If the payments described in subsection (a) are less than his the individual's weekly benefit amount an otherwise eligible individual shall not be ineligible and shall be entitled to receive for such week benefits reduced by the amount of such payments.

(c) This section does not preclude an individual from delaying a claim to pension, retirement, or annuity payments until the individual has received the benefits to which the individual would otherwise be eligible under this chapter. Weekly benefits received before the date the individual elects to retire shall not be reduced by any pension, retirement, or annuity payments received on or after the date the individual elects to retire.

SECTION 12. IC 22-4-15-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. Except as provided in IC 1971, 22-4-22, IC 22-4-22-1, an individual shall be ineligible for waiting period or benefit rights for any week with respect to which or a part of which he the individual receives, is receiving, has received, or is seeking unemployment benefits under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States. Provided, That This disqualification shall not apply if the appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that he the individual is not entitled to such employment benefits, including benefits to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85.

SECTION 13. IC 22-4-17-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.108-2006, SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. (a) When an individual files an initial claim, the department shall promptly make a determination of the individual's status as an insured worker in a form prescribed by the department. A written notice of the determination of insured status shall be furnished to the individual promptly. Each such determination shall be based on and include a written statement showing the amount of wages paid to the individual for insured work by each employer during the individual's base period and shall include a finding as to whether such wages meet the requirements for the individual to be an insured worker, and, if so, the week ending date of the first week of the individual's benefit period, the individual's weekly benefit amount, and the maximum amount of benefits that may be paid to the individual for weeks of unemployment in the individual's benefit period. For the individual who is not insured, the notice shall include the reason for the determination. Unless the individual, within ten (10) days after such determination was mailed to the individual's last known address, or









otherwise delivered to the individual, asks a hearing thereon before an administrative law judge, such determination shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith.

- (b) The department shall promptly furnish each employer in the base period whose experience or reimbursable account is potentially chargeable with benefits to be paid to such individual with a notice in writing of the employer's benefit liability. Such notice shall contain the date, the name and Social Security account number of the individual, the ending date of the individual's base period, and the week ending date of the first week of the individual's benefit period. Such notice shall further contain information as to the proportion of benefits chargeable to the employer's experience or reimbursable account in ratio to the earnings of such individual from such employer. Unless the employer, within ten (10) days after such notice of benefit liability was mailed to the employer's last known address, or otherwise delivered to the employer, asks a hearing thereon before an administrative law judge, such determination shall be final and benefits paid shall be charged in accordance therewith.
- (c) An employing unit, including an employer, having knowledge of any facts which may affect an individual's eligibility or right to waiting period credits or benefits, shall notify the department of such facts within ten (10) days after the mailing of notice that a former employee has filed an initial or additional claim for benefits on a form prescribed by the department.
- (d) In addition to the foregoing determination of insured status by the department, the deputy shall, throughout the benefit period, determine the claimant's eligibility with respect to each week for which the claimant claims waiting period credit or benefit rights, the validity of the claimant's claim therefor, and the cause for which the claimant left the claimant's work, or may refer such claim to an administrative law judge who shall make the initial determination with respect thereto in accordance with the procedure in IC 22-4-17-3.
- (e) In cases where the claimant's benefit eligibility or disqualification is disputed, the department shall promptly notify the claimant and the employer or employers directly involved or connected with the issue raised as to the validity of such claim, the eligibility of the claimant for waiting period credit or benefits, or the imposition of a disqualification period or penalty, or the denial thereof, and of the cause for which the claimant left the claimant's work, of such determination and the reasons thereof. Except as otherwise hereinafter provided in this subsection regarding parties located in Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico, unless the claimant or such employer, within ten (10)



days after such notification was mailed to the claimant's or the employer's last known address, or otherwise delivered to the claimant or the employer, asks a hearing before an administrative law judge thereon, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith. With respect to notice of disputed administrative determination or decision mailed or otherwise delivered to the claimant or employer either of whom is located in Alaska, Hawaii, or Puerto Rico, unless such claimant or employer, within fifteen (15) days after such notification was mailed to the claimant's or employer's last known address or otherwise delivered to the claimant or employer, asks a hearing before an administrative law judge thereon, such decision shall be final and benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith. If such hearing is desired, the request therefor shall be filed with the department in writing within the prescribed periods as above set forth in this subsection and shall be in such form as the department may prescribe. In the event a hearing is requested by an employer or the department after it has been administratively determined that benefits should be allowed to a claimant, entitled benefits shall continue to be paid to said claimant unless said administrative determination has been reversed by a due process hearing. Benefits with respect to any week not in dispute shall be paid promptly regardless of any appeal.

- (f) A person may not participate on behalf of the department in any case in which the person is an interested party.
- (g) Solely on the ground of obvious administrative error appearing on the face of an original determination, and within the benefit year of the affected claims, the commissioner, or a representative authorized by the commissioner to act in the commissioner's behalf, may reconsider and direct the deputy to revise the original determination so as to correct the obvious error appearing therein. Time for filing an appeal and requesting a hearing before an administrative law judge regarding the determinations handed down pursuant to this subsection shall begin on the date following the date of revision of the original determination and shall be filed with the commissioner in writing within the prescribed periods as above set forth in subsection (c).
- (h) Notice to the employer and the claimant that the determination of the department is final if a hearing is not requested shall be prominently displayed on the notice of the determination which is sent to the employer and the claimant.
- (i) If an allegation of the applicability of IC 22-4-15-1(c)(8) is made by the individual at the time of the claim for benefits, the department shall not notify the employer of the claimant's current address or











- 1 physical location.
- 2 SECTION 14. IC 22-4-14-4 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
- 3 2007].

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